Key Learning Spring 1 2024

The Tudors were a Welsh-English royal dynasty who ruled England and Wales from 1485 until 1603.

The Tudor Rose became the emblem of Tudor England.

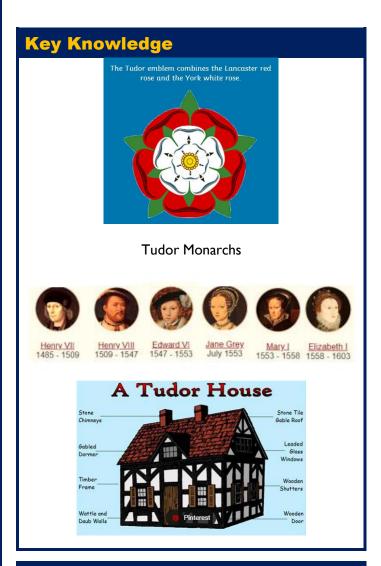
The first of the Tudor king's, Henry VII ruled from 1485 until 1509. Henry VII ascended the throne after his victory at the Battle of Bosworth (he travelled through Shrewsbury on his way to Bosworth), defeating Richard III and ending the War of the Roses between the House of Lancaster and the House of York. Uniting the two warring houses, Henry VII was married to Elizabeth of York (daughter of Edward IV) and they had four children.

Tudor houses are recognizable across England today. They were typically halftimbered with wooden frames and are known for their 'black-and-white' effect.

Shrewsbury thrived in the 16th century largely due to its many wealthy drapers — merchants who dealt in the trade of woollen cloth. You'll find lots of fine buildings from the Tudor period, including the Old Market Hall, built by the Guild of Drapers, and Owen's Mansion directly across The Square, one of the most impressive of the town's many black-and-white, half-timbered buildings.

History: Year 6 - Tudor Shrewsbury





Key Vocabulary

Heir: A person who will inherit the crown after the current King or Queen dies

Reign: The time a King or Queen is on the throne and rules the country

Monarch: A leader of a country e.g. a King or a Queen

Draper: A person who sells textiles/fabric

Merchant: someone whose job is buying and selling

goods, usually in large amounts

Apprentice: Someone who is learning a trade or craft Timber-framed: A building with a wooden frame, usually made of oak

Wattle and Daub: building materials used in constructing houses. A woven latticework of wooden stakes called *wattles* is daubed with a mixture of mud and clay, animal dung and straw to create a structure.

Good Read

